

8170ZC1000-5 Marine propulsion engine

Basic engine specifications

Rating ·····	P1
Rated power-kW ·····	735
Rated speed-rpm ······	1500
Overload power-kW ······	
Overload speed-rpm ······	
Rated power tolerance-%·····	
Low idle speed -rpm······	
High idle speed-rpm······	
Nº of Cylinders / Valves ·····	
Cylinders arrangement ······	
Thermodynamic cycle ······	
Bore × Stroke-mm(in)······	
Compression ratio	
Displacement-L(in³) ······	
Fuel system······	
Injection system	
Aspiration ······Turboo	
Flywheel housing/Flywheel/N° of teeth on flywheel ring g	-
Frywneer nodsing/Frywneer/N or teeth on hywneer ning g	SAE 0/18"/171
The sheet beauting / The sheet/N18 of toothe are fless been lives as	
Flywheel housing/Flywheel/N° of teeth on flywheel ring g	
Firing order ·····	SAE 0/16"/171
Rotation(from flywheel end)·····	
Overall dimensions(L×W×H)-mm(in) ·······2650×1044×	
Dry weight-kg(lb)·····	
Wet weight-kg(lb) ·····	
Max. output power of front end-kW(Ps)·····	
Emission compliance ·····	
Lifting cylinder height- m(ft) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.4 (4.59)

Rating definitions

Continuous Duty (P1)

The engine can run at full load continuously. The average load factor is 70% to 100%. Annual working time is recommended but not limited to $5000h\sim8000h$.

Heavy Duty (P2)

The engine can run at full load for 8h every 12h. The average load factor is 40% to 80%. Annual working time is recommended but not limited to 5000h.

Intermittent Duty (P3)

The engine can run at full load for 4h every 12h. The average load factor is 40% to 80%. Annual working time is recommended but not limited to 3000h.

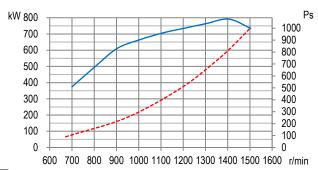
Light Duty (P4)

The engine can run at full load for 2h every 8h. The average load factor is about 60%. Annual working time is recommended but not limited to 1000h.

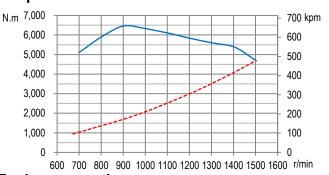
High Performance Duty (P5)

The engine can run at full load for 0.5h every 5h. The average load factor is about 60%. Annual working time is recommended but not limited to 500h.

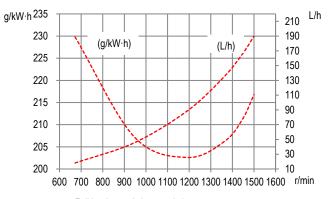
Power



Torque



Fuel consumption



Full load speed characteristics

Propeller characteristics



Weichai Power Co., Ltd.

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A Version



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Air intake system

Intake air flow-m³/min(cfm)
Max. allowable intake air restriction- $kPa(in\ H_2O)$ 6 (24.1)
Intake air temperature up to-°C(°F)······55 (131)
Heat rejection to atmosphere-kW(BTU/min)······100.8(5732.5)

Cooling system

Coolant capacity of the engine-L(gal) ·······101(22.22)
Max. sea water strainer mesh hole diameter- mm(in) ······················2 (0.08)
Sea water pump flow-m³/h(gal/h)····································
Head of sea water pump -m(ft)25(82)
Max. self-priming height of sea water pump- m(ft) ···············0(0)
Expansion tank pressure cap- kPa(psi)······50(7.3)
Heat dissipating to heat exchanger- kW(BTU/min) ······ 330(18767.1)
Coolant flow-m³/h(gal/h)····/(/)
Temperature range of engine outlet -°C(°F)······≤80(≤176)
Temperature range of thermostat-°C(°F)······ 69~80(156.2~176)

Exhaust system

Exhaust flow-m³/min(cfm)168.2 (6007.81)
$\label{eq:max_expansion} \text{Max. exhaust back pressure-kPa(in H_2O)} \cdots \qquad $
Max. exhaust temperature before turbocharger-°C(°F) ·······640 (1184)
Max. exhaust temperature after turbocharger-°C(°F)·····/(/)
Max. bending moment of turbocharger flange- N·m(ft·lbs) ··············10(7.4)
Exhaust smoke-FSN ····· ≤1.5

Lubricating system

Max. install angle(fore-aft) ·····	5°
Max. install angle(athwart ship) ······	·····15°
Max. operating angle(fore-aft) ······	·····7.5°
Max. operating angle(athwart ship) ·····	······22.5°
Sump type····	Wet
Oil capacity Low/High-L(gal) ·····	,
Oil consumption –g/(kW·h) ·····	≤0.6
Oil flow- L/min(gal/min) ·····	303.8 (66.8)
Oil pressure of idle speed- kPa(in H ₂ O)······	····≥200(≥803)
Oil pressure of rated speed- $kPa(in H_2O)$ $400~50$	00(1606~2008)

Fuel system

Fuel flow supply line- L/h(gal/h)
Fuel flow return line- L/h(gal/h)·····/ (/)
$Max. \ Allowable \ fuel \ supply \ restriction \ -kPa (in \ H_2O) \ 13 \ (52.2)$
Fuel supply restriction on engine-kPa(in H_2O) $\cdots 0$ (0)
Allowable fuel restriction of shipyard supplied components-kPa(in $H_2O)\cdot 13\ (52.2)$
$\label{eq:max.prop} \text{Max. fuel return restriction-kPa(in H_2O)} \cdots \cdots 15 \ (60.2)$
Max. self-priming height of fuel delivery pump-m(ft)·······1 (3.3)
Max. fuel inlet temperature-°C(°F) ····································
$\label{eq:max.problem} \text{Max. fuel inlet pressure- } \text{kPa(in H_2O)} \cdots \cdots / (\textit{/})$

Starting system

Electrical system voltage(2-pole)-V24
Electric starter power-kW(Ps)······11 (15)
Recommended battery capacity- A·h······200×2
Alternator working current-A ······80

Security parameters

Alarm speed-rpm·····	1725
Shut down speed-rpm ·····	1800
Alarm oil pressure-MPa ·····	0.15
Shut down oil pressure-MPa ·····	0.1
Alarm oil temperature-°C(°F)······	90(194)
Alarm coolant temperature-°C(°F) ······	85(185)

Noise

Noise(SPL)- dB(A)----/

General remarks

- The origin of coordinates is at the center of the flywheel housing back end surface. X axis directs from flywheel to front, Z axis directs vertical up, Y axis direction is defined by right-hand rule.
- All ratings are based on operating conditions under ISO 8665, ISO 3046-1.
- Curves represent net engine performance in accordance with ISO 3046/1 with standard accessories such as fuel injection pump, water pump and L.O. pump under the condition of 25°C/77°F ambient temperature, 100kPa[29.612 in Hg] barometric pressure, 30% relative humidity and 25°C/77°F raw water temperature at inlet.

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Materials and specifications are subject to change without notice.